CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATION OF PACKAGING WASTE

In order to recognize whether something is a form of packaging, consider the different types of packaging.

There are 4 types of packaging:

1. Packaging as integral part of the product, which contains and protects the product during its life cycle, as well as all elements intended for its use, consumption or joint storage.

PACKAGING:

CAKE BOX
THE FOIL AROUND THE CD BOXES.

NOT PACKAGING:

TOOL BOX
TEA BAG
LAYER OF FRANKFURTER

2. Product designed and intended to be filled in the moment of the sale, i.e., a product that can be filled or used for storing food, as a result of which it becomes packaging

PACKAGING:

PAPER AND PLASTIC BAGS FOR TRANSFER PLASTIC PLATES AND CUPS PLASTIC FOIL FOR FOOD SANDWICH BAGS ALUMINUM FOIL

NOT PACKAGING:

PLASTIC TABLEWARE



3. Packaging parts and accessories integrated in the packaging are considered as part of the packaging

PACKAGING:

LABELS PUT DIRECTLY ON THE PACKAGING OR ATTACHED TOGETHER

PACKAGING PARTS ARE:

EYE LASH BRUSH, INTEGRAL PART OF THE MASCARA LID

LABELS ATTACHED TO THE OTHER PARTS OF THE PACKAGE

PACKAGING STAPLES
PLASTIC POCKETS FOR PAPER SUPPORT
MEASURING CAP – INTEGRAL PART OF A
DETERGENT LID

4. Long life packaging

CD BOXES
PHOTO CAMERA BOXES
LEATHER BAGS
JEWELRY BOXES
SNOW CHAINS BOXES
VIDEO GAMES BOXES
FIRST AID EQUIPMENT BOXES
TOOL BOXES
WATCH BOXES
METAL CONTAINERS

